

.. THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF MISTERTON.

With

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH

for the year

~~1919.~~

1918

THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF WESTERN.

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year

1913.

1913

THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF MISTERTON.

From July 8 to the 10th the school was closed on account of an epidemic of Measles, involving North Leventon.

On account of the epidemic at Retford, the following schools were closed:

April 23rd 1919.

Gentleman.

I beg to submit to you as Medical Officer of Health for the Misterton Rural district the annual report for the year 1918. The report deals mainly with statistics.

The area of the district comprises 14,268 acres.

The population for estimating the birth rate is calculated to be 4,246 and for the death rate 3,452.

The number of births registered in the district was 74-38 males and 36 females, 3 males and 1 female being illegitimate.

This is equivalent to a birth rate of 13.13 per 1000 compared with 17.89 in 1917.

The number of deaths registered in the district was 62. In addition to this must be added 8 deaths occurring in institutions outside the district making a total of 70 deaths. From this number must be deducted 2 deaths of non-residents.

This makes a net total of 68 deaths and the corrected death rate is therefore 19.69 per 1000 compared with 13.38 in 1917.

The increase in the death rate is due in the main to the Influenza epidemic, during the months of October and November. No fewer than 29 deaths were registered from this disease and its complications, in the district.

The infantile mortality was lower than in 1917 though still too high. Six deaths of children under 1 year of age were registered, 4 males and 2 females one being an illegitimate child.

This gives an infantile mortality of 81.08 per 1000 births registered, compared with 118.42 in 1917.

The number of cases of infectious diseases notified was 19 made up as follows:-

Measles 15; German Measles 1; Scarlet Fever, 2 Chicken Pox 1

North Western

Report

April 28th 1919

Gentlemen,

I beg to submit to you as Health Officer of Health for the Western District the annual report for the year 1918. The report deals mainly with statistics.

The area of the district comprises 14,288 acres. The population for estimating the birth rate is calculated to be 4,048 and for the death rate 3,452.

The number of births registered in the district was 74-38 males and 38 females, 3 males and 1 female being illegitimate. This is equivalent to a birth rate of 18.1 per 1000 compared

with 17.09 in 1917. The number of deaths registered in the district was 82. In addition to this number 8 deaths occurring in infant clinics or

since the district making a total of 90 deaths. From this number 8 deaths of non-residents. This makes a net total of 82 deaths and the corrected death

rate is therefore 19.69 per 1000 compared with 18.58 in 1917. The increase in the death rate is due in the main to the influenza epidemic, during the months of October and November. No fewer than 29

deaths were registered from this disease and its complications, in the district. The infantile mortality was lower than in 1917 though still too

high. Six deaths of children under 1 year of age were registered, 4 males and 2 females one being an illegitimate child. This gives an infantile mortality of 81.08 per 1000 compared

with 119.42 in 1917. The number of cases of infectious diseases notified was 12 rate up as follows:-

Males 11; German Measles 1; Scarlet Fever, 3; Chicken Pox 1

The number of cases in 1917 was 21. All the cases were isolated at home. Two cases of tuberculouses were notified.

From July 8 th the Beckingham was closed on account of an Epidemic of Measles, Whoopingcough and Mumps, for a period of three weeks

On an account of the epidemic of influenza the following schools were closed:

Bole School from Nov 4 th to 18 th.

Walkeringham Junior Council Nov 6th to 18th.

Walkeringham Church School Nov 11th to 22nd.

Beckingham Council School Nov 12 th to Nov 22nd.

West Stockwith School nov 15th to Dec 16 th.

Misterton Council School Nov 18 th to Dec 16 th.

The causes of deaths registered were : =

	Males.	Females.
Measles	-	1
Whoopingcough	1	2
Diphtheria	-	1
Influenza	19	10
Cancer & Malignant Disease	1	2
Organic Heart disease	1	1
Bronchitis	3	-
Pneumonia	2	1
Other respiratory diseases	-	1
Nephritis	1	-
Parturition	-	1
Congenital debility	1	-
Violence	-	2
Other defined diseases	6	11
	<hr/> 35	<hr/> 33

Total = 68.

I am Gentlemen

Your obedient Sevant

E.J.Bruce. M.B.D.P.H.

Medical officer of Health

The number of cases in 1917 was 21. All the cases were isolated

at home. Two cases of tuberculous were notified.

From July 8 to the Beckingham was closed on account of an epidemic

Epidemic of Measles, Whoopingcough and Mumps, for a period of three weeks

On an account of the epidemic of influenza the following schools

were closed:

Hole School from Nov 4 to 18 th.

Wickeringham Junior School Nov 8th to 18th.

Wickeringham Church School Nov 11th to 22nd.

Beckingham Council School Nov 12 th to Nov 22nd.

East Beckingham School Nov 15th to Dec 18 th.

Wickeringham Council School Nov 18 th to Dec 18 th.

The causes of deaths registered were: =

Measles	-	1
Whoopingcough	1	2
Diphtheria	-	1
Influenza	18	18
Cancer & Malignant Disease	1	2
Organic Heart Disease	1	1
Bronchitis	2	-
Pneumonia	2	1
Other respiratory diseases	-	1
Hepatitis	1	-
Fracture	-	1
Congenital debility	1	-
Violence	-	2
Other defined diseases	6	11

38

38

58.

Total =

1 in 1000

Your obedient servant

E. J. Bruce, M.B.D.P.L.

Medical Officer of Health

